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Bubonic plague.—During March, 1911, there were reported 107 cases of plague as compared with 104 in the same month of 1910. The deaths were 101 and 91, respectively, or 94.39 per cent of the cases in 1911 and 85.85 per cent in 1910. The Burmese and Hindu population suffered most heavily. During March, 1911, there were destroyed 34,935 rats.

Cases and deaths from the more prevalent diseases occurring in Rangoon during the months of January, February, and March,

1910 and 1911, are stated in the following table:

Diseases.	1910							1911						
	Jan.		Feb.		March.		deaths.	Jan.		Feb.		Mar.		deaths.
	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Total dea	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Total dea
Cholera. Plague. Smallpox Malaria Other fevers. Tuberculosis Dysentery Respiratory Injuries. All other causes.		6 12 28 13 47 27 70 113 12 481	10 40 262	10 38 99 19 21 74 129 12 384	6 104 353	91 142 8 55 22 71 125 11 382	20 141 269 40 102 70 215 367 35 1, 247	3 19 57	3 18 16 29 41 38 90 136 17 392	3 62 191	2 53 72 21 61 23 78 155 7 412	10 107 612	10 101 231 15 93 30 58 163 23 396	15 172 319 65 195 91 226 454 47 1, 190
Total		809		786			2,506		784		889		1, 120	2,793

## JAPAN.

#### Plague in Formosa.

Surg. Irwin at Yokohama reports May 15:

Information received from Formosa shows plague to be increasing in Kagi Province, about 6 new cases being reported daily with a total since May 6 of 140 cases. The disease has attacked only the aboriginal population.

#### JAVA.

### Cholera and Plague.

Consul Rairden at Batavia reports May 1:

During the week ended April 29 cholera increased rapidly at Batavia, 45 cases being reported. The port of Batavia was officially declared infected with cholera April 25.

Plague has spread from Malang district to the district of Japara,

which is situated about 100 miles east of the port of Samarang.

#### MEXICO.

#### Frontera-Smallpox.

Information received from the American consul June 12 shows smallpox present at Frontera with 2 cases. The cases have been isolated and placed under observation.